

# Cybersecurity for Regular Folk

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# Outline

- **Threats**
- **Physical Security**
- **Email**
- **Updates/Patches**
- **Social Media**
- **Mobile**
- **Website security**
- **Data Security /PCI**
- **Cloud / IoT**
- **Q&A**



## Some Eye Opening Statistics

- **2014 has been called the “Year of the Data Breach” and 2015 had 2 less KNOWN breaches than 2014. 2016 is off to a bad start...**
- **A Champlain college study found:**
  - 50% of breaches targeted businesses with < 1000 employees
  - 31% of cyberattacks targeted businesses with < 250 employees
  - 55% of businesses with \$10 million or less in revenue reported at least one breach in the 2013. More than 50% of these businesses reported multiple breaches
  - 92% of businesses that were breached lost Personally Identifiable Information (PII) such as credit cards or social security numbers

## Some Eye Opening Statistics

- **Last year, 594 million people worldwide were victims of online crime. Cybercrime affects millions every year, yet consumers still do not take action to protect themselves**
- **Let's see more:**
- <https://us.norton.com/norton-cybersecurity-insights-report-global>

## For your consideration...

- **"There are two kinds of big companies in the United States. There are those who've been hacked ... and those who don't know they've been hacked." – James Comey, FBI Director**
- **"Techniques, tools, and approaches used to access company networks to commit cybercrime are now available much more widely available along with advice on how to use them." - Andy Archibald**
- **For example...**

## Who cares about my device?

- Any device connected to a network is subject to attack
- There are thousands of worms and viruses that continuously attack indiscriminately
- Hackers may attempt to use your device(s) as zombie or as a stepping stone to launch attacks against other devices
- Hackers and identity thieves want to steal your information and/or money

# Threats

- Identity theft
  - Hacking
  - Phishing
  - Viruses / Malware
  - Fraud / Financial theft
  - Impersonation
  - Information theft
  - Reputation damage
- 

# Guiding Principals of Security

- Always maintain a healthy dose of skepticism/paranoia!
- Doubt everything & proceed with caution
- If you're not paying with money, you're paying with data
- Threats emerge and evolve constantly
- Education and awareness is critical

<https://nihseniorhealth.gov/toolkit/toolkitfiles/pdf/Glossary.pdf>

**“Just because I’m paranoid,  
doesn’t mean they’re not out to  
get me” – Unknown**



# Physical Security

- All security starts with physical security
- Control physical access to systems
- Authentication is critical
  - 3 types: password, token, biometrics
  - “What you have, what you know, what you are”
  - Multi-factor authentication
  - Protect credentials as if they are money!
- Password Types:
  - BIOS Passwords
  - OS Passwords
  - Application Passwords

# Physical Security

- Lock down systems as much as practical
- Avoid weak passwords:
  - Less than 8 characters
  - Name of family, pets, friends, celebrities, etc.
  - Easily acquirable information such as phone #
  - Common word(s) found in a dictionary
  - Strong password example: **1L0v33mp0e3rU!**
- Use a strong, unique password for each site/application/device
- Change passwords regularly
- Password manager app?

<http://www.pcmag.com/article2/0,2817,2407168,00.asp>

# Physical Security

## ■ Biometrics

- Fingerprint
- Facial recognition
- Retinal scan
- Voice recognition

## ■ Social Engineering

- Attempt to dupe you into providing info that allows a hacker to access your system(s)
- Many variants:
  - Phone
  - E-Mail (Phishing)
  - Messaging
  - Social media

# Backup

- **You should backup data regularly!**
- **Numerous methods**
  - External drive
  - Flash memory
  - Tape
  - CD/DVD
  - Cloud
- **Store off-site or in secure location on-site**
- **Consider long-term privacy ramifications**

# Sanitization

- Data is not physically removed from a disk when deleted
- Common disk utilities such as FDISK and FORMAT will not permanently destroy data
- Tools can retrieve “deleted” data
- “Information leakage” can happen in non-obvious ways. Copiers for example...

# Sanitization

- **There are essentially 4 ways to permanently destroy data:**
  - **Physically destroy disk/device**
  - **Degauss disk with a strong magnet**
  - **Encrypt data and destroy key**
  - **Use a disk sanitization tool**
    - Norton System Works ([www.symantec.com](http://www.symantec.com))
    - AutoClave  
([staff.washington.edu/jdlarios/autoclave](http://staff.washington.edu/jdlarios/autoclave))

# Firewalls

- **Hardware**

- Router
- Dedicated

- **Software**

- Monitor network activity
- Block ports
- Notification when your PC attempts Internet access or attempt is made to connect from the Internet
- Block inbound & outbound access based on rules
- Scan ports - [scan.sygate.com/probe.html](http://scan.sygate.com/probe.html)

<http://www.pcmag.com/article2/0,2817,2369749,00.asp>

# Firewalls

Control Panel\All Control Panel Items\Windows Firewall

Control Panel > All Control Panel Items > Windows Firewall

Search Control Panel

Control Panel Home

Allow an app or feature through Windows Firewall

Change notification settings

Turn Windows Firewall on or off

Restore defaults

Advanced settings

Troubleshoot my network

## Help protect your PC with Windows Firewall

Windows Firewall can help prevent hackers or malicious software from gaining access to your PC through the Internet or a network.

For your security, some settings are managed by your system administrator.

Update your Firewall settings

Windows Firewall is not using the recommended settings to protect your computer.

Use recommended settings

[What are the recommended settings?](#)

Domain networks

Not connected

Private networks

Not connected

Guest or public networks

Connected

Networks in public places such as airports or cafés

Windows Firewall state: Off

Incoming connections: Block all connections to applications that are not on the list of allowed applications

Active public networks:

- Network 3
- Network 3
- SENA-GUEST
- SENA-GUEST
- SENA-GUEST

Notification state: Notify me when Windows Firewall blocks a new app

See also

Security and Maintenance

Network and Sharing Centre



# Firewalls

The screenshot displays the ZoneAlarm Free Firewall interface. At the top, a status bar indicates "YOUR COMPUTER IS SECURE" with a green checkmark. Below this, navigation tabs for "ANTIVIRUS", "FIREWALL", and "IDENTITY & DATA" are visible, with "FIREWALL" being the active tab. The "Basic Firewall" section shows it is turned "ON" and has blocked 0 access attempts. An "Alerts and Logs" window is open, showing a table of blocked traffic logs. The table columns are Type, Date and Time, Action, Source IP, Destination IP, Protocol, and Count. The logs show multiple incoming blocked connections from various source IPs to the local machine (192.168.134.60) on ports 7, 2987, and 2988, using protocols like UDP and TCP. The "Log Viewer" window includes a sidebar with "Main", "Alert Events", "Log Control", and "Log Viewer" options, and a main area with a table of logs and a "Select log type" dropdown set to "Firewall".

**Alerts and Logs**

Select log type: Firewall Show Last: 50 Clear Refresh

Type	Date and Time	Action	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol	Count
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:15:24 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:569...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:15:54 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:597...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:25:24 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:555...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:25:52 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:602...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:35:24 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:642...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:35:52 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:604...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:45:26 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:503...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:45:54 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:607...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:55:26 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:527...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 12:55:52 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:610...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:05:26 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:575...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:05:52 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:636...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:15:26 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:526...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:15:54 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:646...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:25:26 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:527...	192.168.134.60:7	UDP	1
Incoming	2016/03/10 13:25:52 -5:00 GMT	Blocked	192.168.134.79:653...	192.168.134.60:2987	TCP (flags:S)	1

Buttons: Add To Zone, More Info, OK, Cancel

# Wi-Fi Security

- **Wireless networks are vulnerable**
  - **Change default password**
  - **Keep firmware on equipment updated**
  - **Name network something difficult to guess**
  - **Don't broadcast SSID**
  - **Use Encryption (no open networks):**
    - **Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)**
    - **Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) – better**
    - **Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 (WPA2-PSK) – best**
      - **Devices made after 2006 with a “Wi-Fi” logo must support WPA2 encryption**

# Wi-Fi Security

- **Wireless networks are vulnerable**
  - Only allow known MAC addresses
  - Disable DHCP and use static IP's
  - Don't use default subnet
  - Whitelist devices
  - Create a guest network that is constrained
  - Check access logs occasionally for unknown devices

# Encryption

- **Scrambles data**
- **Uses complex algorithms to create virtually unbreakable keys**
- **Data can only be accessed with proper key**
- **Depending on bit-strength, can be very secure**
  - 40-bit is low end, has been broken
  - 256-bit is common now
  - 1024-bit is high-end, virtually unbreakable

# Encryption

- **Can cause permanent data loss**
- **Can be cumbersome to distribute and use keys**
- **Backdoors in products may render encryption moot**

# Encryption

- **Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)**
  - Web-based
  - Protocol specifier: `https://`
  - Look for a lock in browser
- **PGP**
  - Phil's Pretty Good Privacy
  - E-mail
- **Windows supports encryption**
- **Database encryption**

## Client Data

- **Restrict employee access on a need to know basis**
- **Audit access to customer information**
- **Sanitize! Ensure that PII is wiped**
- **Install regular patches on all components**
- **The power of Big Data and the Internet of Things (IoT) means ever more data will be collected**

# Client Data

- **Lots of recent high profile attacks**
- **Personally Identifiable Information (PII)**
- **More data is collected than ever before**
  - **Don't store highly sensitive information if you don't have to!**
  - **Password protect customer information**
  - **Encrypt customer information**
  - **Keep sensitive customer information disconnected from the Internet**
  - **Don't allow employees to put sensitive information on mobile devices**



# Malware

## ■ Many types:

- Virus
- Worm
- Trojan horse
- Spyware
- Adware
- Bot
- Zombie
- Ransomware
- Rootkit



# Malware

- **Use anti-malware software such as:**
  - McAfee VirusScan
  - Norton AntiVirus
  - Grisoft AVG
  - Trend-Micro PC-cillin
  - Panda Antivirus
  - Windows Defender
  - <http://www.pcmag.com/article2/0,2817,2372364,00.asp>

# GFI Antivirus

GFI Cloud - Antivirus

File View Help



GFI Cloud  
**ANTIVIRUS**  
Powered by VIPRE

OVERVIEW

SCAN

MANAGE



## SCAN STATUS



Settings

Last Scan:

03/10/16 12:14 PM

Next Scheduled Scan:

03/11/16 12:00 PM



## PROTECTION

Active Protection:

Enabled



## UPDATES

Threat Definitions:

Current

Antivirus protected  
you from:

**1**  
**RISKS**

[Reset Counts](#)

# Malware

The screenshot shows the Windows Defender application window. At the top, the title bar reads "Windows Defender" with standard window controls. A prominent red banner at the top of the main content area displays "PC status: At risk". Below this, a navigation bar includes "Home", "Update", and "History" tabs, along with "Settings" and "Help" icons. The main content area is divided into two sections. On the left, a red monitor icon with a white 'X' is accompanied by the text: "Your PC isn't being monitored because the application's service stopped. You should restart it now." Below this, two status indicators are shown: "Real-time protection: Off" (with a red 'X' icon) and "Virus and spyware definitions: Out of date" (with a yellow warning icon). A large red "Start now" button is positioned below these indicators. On the right side of the main content area, there is a "Scan options:" section with three radio buttons: "Quick" (selected), "Full", and "Custom". A grey "Scan now" button is located below these options. At the bottom left, a magnifying glass icon is next to the text "Scan details" and "Last scan: 01/19/16 at 1:07 PM (Quick scan)".

Windows Defender

PC status: At risk

Home Update History Settings Help

Your PC isn't being monitored because the application's service stopped. You should restart it now.

Real-time protection: Off

Virus and spyware definitions: Out of date

Start now

Scan options:

Quick Full Custom

Scan now

Scan details

Last scan: 01/19/16 at 1:07 PM (Quick scan)

# Malware

- **Beware of file attachments**
- **Be wary of links**
- **Stay informed about new viruses and hoaxes**
  - **Symantec Security Response: [www.symantec.com/avcenter](http://www.symantec.com/avcenter)**
  - **US-CERT: [www.us-cert.gov/](http://www.us-cert.gov/)**

# Malware

- **Anti-malware software usage:**
  - At least weekly
  - Use auto-update
- **Ensure that a full/deep scan is done weekly**
- **Ensure that all drives are scanned**
- **Ensure the your software is scanning for memory resident malware**
- **Consider anti-malware software for your mobile devices**

# Patches / Updates

- Firmware, operating system and application software undergo constant revisions and improvements
- Flaws in these complex applications provide hacking opportunities. Eg. Heartbleed
- Vendors provide “patches” also known as updates that fix issues
- You must regularly install updates
- Signup for security e-mails regarding flaws and patches or follow vendors on Facebook / Twitter

# Patches / Updates

The screenshot shows the Windows Settings application window titled "Settings". The "UPDATE & SECURITY" section is active, with "Windows Update" selected in the left-hand navigation pane. The main content area displays a message: "Some settings are managed by your organisation." Below this, the "Windows Update" section indicates that updates are available. A list of updates is provided, including a Definition Update for Windows Defender, a Security Update for Adobe Flash Player, a Cumulative Update for Windows 10, and two security updates for Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool and Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Service Pack 1. A "Details" link is present, followed by the text "Updates are ready to be installed" and an "Install now" button. At the bottom, there are links for "Learn more" and "Advanced options".

Settings

UPDATE & SECURITY

Find a setting

Windows Update

Windows Defender

Backup

Recovery

Activation

Find My Device

For developers

Some settings are managed by your organisation.

## Windows Update

Updates are available.

- Definition Update for Windows Defender - KB2267602 (Definition 1.215.1053.0).
- Security Update for Adobe Flash Player for Windows 10 Version 1511 for x64-based Systems (KB3144756).
- Cumulative Update for Windows 10 Version 1511 for x64-based Systems (KB3140768).
- Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool for Windows 8, 8.1, 10 and Windows Server 2012, 2012 R2 x64 Edition - March 2016 (KB890830).
- Security Update for Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Service Pack 1 Redistributable Package (KB2538243).

[Details](#)

Updates are ready to be installed

[Install now](#)

Looking for information about the latest updates?  
[Learn more](#)

[Advanced options](#)



# E-mail Security

## ■ Many Problems with e-mail

- Not originally designed with security in mind
- Malicious payloads
- Threat of information leakage
  - Printing
  - Forwarding
- Violation of privacy
- Spoofing
- Phishing / Spear Phishing

# E-mail Security

## ■ Spam

- Don't reply to "get off list", just delete it unless from a legitimate source
- Don't forward mail with list of recipients showing
- Use Bcc feature for group mailing
- Don't post your e-mail address on Web
- Use a bogus address / change addresses frequently
- Set e-mail security settings to high (Security tab in Options)
- Use a Spam filter like SpamKiller

# E-mail Security

## ■ Phishing

- Type of Social engineering attack
- Much worse than spam
- Use e-mail to acquire personal information
- Use spoofed e-mail addresses
- Emails appear be from a legitimate source
- Never give out user name and/or password
- Check link targets before following link in email

# E-mail Security

## ■ Phishing

- Type of Social engineering attack
- Much worse than spam
- Use e-mail to acquire personal information
- Use spoofed e-mail addresses
- Emails appear to be from a legitimate source
- Never give out user name and/or password
- Check link targets before following link in email
- Spear Phishing: similar, but after money...

# Phishing Example

The screenshot displays a Microsoft Outlook web interface. The browser address bar shows the URL `outlook.office.com/owa/?realm=fortwright.com&path=/mail/inbox/rp`. The interface includes a search bar, navigation tabs for 'Office 365' and 'Outlook', and a top toolbar with actions like 'New', 'Delete', 'Archive', 'Junk', 'Sweep', 'Move to', and 'Categories'. The left sidebar shows a folder list with 'Inbox' selected, containing 223 items. The main content area displays an email titled 'New Invoice #3413-1' from 'Portia App <portiaeoleh@rambler.ru>' to 'David Hatter'. The email contains an attachment 'Invoice.doc' (73 KB) and a message: 'This email is being sent in order to inform you that a new invoice has been generated for your account. Please see the attached file. Thank you. Portia App'.

# Spear Phishing Example

Mail - David Hatter - Outlook

outlook.office.com/owa/?realm=fortwright.com&path=/mail/search/rp

Office 365 Outlook

From: (Joyce Woods) OR

New Delete Archive Junk Sweep Move to Categories

Search results

In folders

All folders

Options

With attachments

Date

Older than a week

Older than a month

Older than a year

**JW** Joyce Woods  
To: David Hatter; ↘

Inbox

You replied on 3/3/2016 2:02 PM.

-----Original Message-----  
From: Dave Hatter [mailto:dhatter@fortwright.com]  
Sent: Wednesday, March 02, 2016 4:09 PM  
To: Joyce Woods <jwoods@fortwright.com>  
Subject: RE: Question

Thanks for the information. I need you to initiate 2 wire transfers today for an international payment and a local payment also. Let me know what information is required.

Sent from my iPhone

Sorry Dave,

I just got your message. I have been working on other things. If you mean the General Fund Checking Acct. the balance today is \$4,285,408.72.

Joyce

From: Dave Hatter [mailto:dhatter@fortwright.com]  
Sent: Wednesday, March 02, 2016 12:35 PM  
To: Joyce Woods <jwoods@fortwright.com> <mailto:jwoods@fortwright.com> >  
Subject: Question

Are you available? I need to ask you a quick question What is the present balance in the operating checking account? Reply as soon as possible.

Sent from my iPhone

---

**JW** Joyce Woods  
To: David Hatter; ↘

From: Dave Hatter [mailto:dhatter@fortwright.com]  
Sent: Wednesday, March 02, 2016 12:35 PM  
To: Joyce Woods <jwoods@fortwright.com>  
Subject: Question

Are you available? I need to ask you a quick question What is the present balance in the operating checking account? Reply as soon as possible.

Sent from my iPhone

# Messaging Security

- Think Skype or Messenger
- Messaging opens a channel to your device
- Great way to communicate real-time with colleagues
- Can be used to transfer files which contain "malware"
- Can be used for Phishing & Malvertising
- Need to evaluate risk versus benefits
- Must keep client software updated

# Web Browser Security

- **Enable Security features in your browser**
  - Keep browser software updated (patches)
  - Disable cookies, or at least prompt
  - Disable JavaScript
  - Disable Java applets
  - Disable Active X
  - Disable plug-ins
  - Block pop-ups
  - Don't save passwords
  - Don't auto-fill forms
  - Look for SSL encryption on e-Commerce sites



# Web Browser Security

- **Use a secure browser**
  - A study has found that Chrome is the most secure browser of the top 3 browsers
  - User Browser plug-in to supplement security
  - Consider using Tor
  - <http://www.techworld.com/security/best-8-secure-browsers-2016-3246550/>

# Social Media

## ■ New channels for attack

- Phishing
- Malware
- Social Engineering
- Identity Theft
- Malvertising
- Reputation

# Mobile Security

- **Mobile devices are increasingly attacked**
  - Convergence of functionality in mobile devices
  - “Smart” phones are getting smarter
  - Many people increasingly use these devices
  - Follow same precautions as PC
  - **Beware of public Wi-Fi**
  - Install updates regularly!
  - Understand privacy implications of PII
  - Implement AV software
  - Keep firmware on device updated

# Website Threats

- **SQL Injection**
- **Input validation**
- **Authentication**
- **Malware**
- **Defacement**
- **Cross-site scripting**
- **Unauthorized access**
- **E-Commerce**
  - **PCI compliance**



# The Cloud

- **Outsourcing with a new name**
  - IaaS: Infrastructure as a Service
  - PaaS: Platform as a Service
  - SaaS: Software as a Service
- ***Could* be more secure...**
  - Experts whose business model depends on security
  - Provides a much larger and more attractive target for thieves and hackers
  - Outsource your security

# Internet Of Things (IoT)

- **Intelligent Internet connected devices create new risks**
- **Many of these devices were not designed with security in mind**
- **Can be used as a conduit to attack a network**
- **Can be used to host malware**
- **Can be used to spy on you and your organization**
- **Could be shutdown remotely**
- **Understand risks/rewards before adding them to your network**

# Summary

- Always maintain a healthy dose of skepticism/paranoia!
- Doubt everything & proceed with caution
- If you're not paying with money, you're paying with data
- Threats emerge and evolve constantly
- Education and awareness is critical
- 100% secure is nearly impossible

**"Just because I'm paranoid,  
doesn't mean they're not out to  
get me" – Unknown**

What are you waiting for?

**“The perfect is the enemy of the good”**

**- Voltaire**

**Start getting secure now!**



# Outline

- **Threats**
- **Physical Security**
- **Email**
- **Updates/Patches**
- **Social Media**
- **Mobile**
- **Website security**
- **Data Security /PCI**
- **Cloud / IoT**
- **Q&A**



# Resources

- [www.mcafee.com](http://www.mcafee.com)
- [www.grisoft.com](http://www.grisoft.com)
- [www.symantec.com](http://www.symantec.com)
- [www.lavasoft.com](http://www.lavasoft.com)
- [www.safer-networking.org](http://www.safer-networking.org)
- [www.zonealarm.com](http://www.zonealarm.com)
- [www.webopedia.com](http://www.webopedia.com)
- [www.hackerwatch.org](http://www.hackerwatch.org)
- [www.wardrive.net](http://www.wardrive.net)
- [www.antiphishing.org/](http://www.antiphishing.org/)
- [www.ftc.gov/bcp/online/pubs/alerts/phishingalrt.htm](http://www.ftc.gov/bcp/online/pubs/alerts/phishingalrt.htm)
- [www.microsoft.com/athome/security/email/phishing.mspx](http://www.microsoft.com/athome/security/email/phishing.mspx)
- [www.idtheftcenter.org/facts.shtml](http://www.idtheftcenter.org/facts.shtml)
- [windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-8/windows-update-faq](http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-8/windows-update-faq)
- [www.ic3.gov/default.aspx](http://www.ic3.gov/default.aspx)

Questions?

**Q & A**

**Dave Hatter**

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[www.linkedin.com/in/davehatter](http://www.linkedin.com/in/davehatter)

[www.youtube.com/davidlhatter](http://www.youtube.com/davidlhatter)

[www.twitter.com/davehatter](http://www.twitter.com/davehatter)

**Catch me on Tech Friday on 55KRC at 6:30 a.m.**